

Biological Activities of Endophytic *Xylaria* sp. Isolated from Tropical forest in Chaiyapoom Province, Thailand

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Abstract:

The ultimate goal in this study is to screen biological activities from endophytic *Xylaria* sp. isolated from leaf of 4 Dipterocarp forest tree species such as *Cinnamomum iners*, *Shorea siamensis*, *Fermandoa adenophylla*, *Quercus semiserrata*. All endophytic fungi isolates were obtained and identified based on morphological characteristics. Sixty-four from 125 endophyte isolates were belong to *Xylaria* genera. Moreover, the typical endophytic fungi genera such as *Phomopsis* spp., *Pestalotiopsis* sp., *Colletotrichum* sp., *Phyllosticta* sp., *Daldinia* sp., *Aspergillus* sp., Mycelia sterilia spp., were commonly found in tropical forest. *Xylaria* isolate sp.1 was the only one isolate that showed excellent broad spectrum antimicrobial against *Bacillus subtilis*, *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, *Escherichia coli*, and *Candida albicans*. Moreover, *Xylaria* isolate sp.9 showed strong inhibitory activity against all test bacteria. Moreover, *Xylaria* sp.1 showed the best efficiency of cytotoxicity against Jurkat cell line with IC₅₀ value of 2.63 µg/mL and *Xylaria* sp.2 showed best efficiency of cytotoxicity against HEK293 cell line with IC₅₀ value of 2.94 µg/mL.

Key words: Endophytic fungi, Xylaria sp., Antimicrobial activity, Anticancer activity, Bioactive compound

Xylaria gd"

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